

THE TOWN OF STELLARTON
ALTERNATIVE VOTING BY-LAW

BE IT ENACTED by the Town Council of the Town of Stellarton, under the authority of Section 146A of the *Municipal Elections Act*, 1989 R.S.N.S. c. 300, as amended, as follows:

Short Title

1. This By-law shall be known as the "Alternative Voting By-law".

Definitions

2. In this by-law:
 - (a) "Act" means the *Municipal Elections Act*, 1989 R.S.N.S. c. 300, as amended;
 - (b) "advance poll" means the Tuesday immediately preceding ordinary polling day; and either
 - (i) one other day fixed by the Council by resolution that is either Thursday, the ninth day before ordinary polling day, or Saturday the seventh day before ordinary polling day; or
 - (ii) if Council has delegated its authority to fix a day to the Returning Officer, one other day fixed by the Returning Officer that is either Thursday, the ninth day before ordinary polling day, or Saturday the seventh day before ordinary polling day;
 - (c) "alternative polling days" means any hours and dates fixed by a resolution of Council for alternative voting;
 - (d) "alternative voting" means voting by telephone or via the internet and includes a combination of telephone and internet voting;
 - (e) "ballot box" means a computer database in the system where cast internet ballots and telephone ballots are put;
 - (f) "candidate" means a person who has been nominated as a candidate pursuant to the Act;
 - (g) "Council" means the Council of the Town of Stellarton;
 - (g) "Deputy Returning Officer" means a person appointed under the Act to preside over a polling station;
 - (h) "Education Act" means the *Education Act*, 1995-1996 S.N.S. c. 1, as amended;

- (i) “election” means an election held pursuant to the Act, including a school board election, special election and a plebiscite;
- (j) “Election Officer” means an “election official” under the Act;
- (k) “elector” means a person:
 - (i) qualified to vote pursuant to the Act and the Education Act; and
 - (ii) entitled to vote for an election pursuant to section 7 of this by-law;
- (l) “final list of electors” means the final list of electors completed pursuant to section 40 of the Act;
- (m) “friend voter” means a friend who votes for an elector pursuant to section 9 of this by-law;
- (n) “internet ballot” means an image of a ballot on a computer screen including all the choices available to an elector and the spaces in which an elector marks a vote;
- (o) “municipality” means the Municipality of the Town of Stellarton;
- (p) “normal business hours” means the time between 8:30 am and 4:30 pm Monday through to and including Friday;
- (q) “ordinary polling day” means the third Saturday in October in a regular election year and in the case of any other election means the Saturday fixed for the election;
- (r) “PIN” means the Personal Identification Number issued to an elector for alternative voting on alternative polling days;
- (s) “plebiscite” means a plebiscite directed to be held by the Council pursuant to section 56(2) of the *Municipal Government Act*;
- (t) “proxy voter” means an elector who votes by a proxy pursuant to the Act;
- (u) “regular election year” means 2016 and every fourth year thereafter;
- (v) “rejected ballot” means the refusal by an elector to accept a ballot in a race;
- (w) “Returning Officer” means a Returning Officer appointed pursuant to the Act;
- (x) “seal” means to secure the ballot box and prevent internet and telephone ballots from being cast;

- (y) "special election" means a special election held pursuant to the *Act*, including a special election for a vacancy on a school board;
- (z) "spoiled ballot" means an internet ballot or telephone ballot marked by an elector indicating a refusal to cast a vote for any candidate in a race;
- (za) "system" means the technology, including software, that:
 - (i) records and counts votes; and
 - (ii) processes and stores the results of alternative voting during alternative polling days;
- (zb) "System Elections Officer" means:
 - (i) a person who maintains, monitors, or audits the system, and
 - (ii) a person who has access to the system beyond the access necessary to vote by alternative voting.
- (zc) "telephone ballot" means:
 - (i) an audio set of instructions which describes the voting choices available to an elector; and
 - (ii) the marking of a selection by an elector by depressing the number on a touch tone keypad;

Alternative Voting Permitted

3. Subject to this by-law, alternative voting shall be permitted on alternative polling days.

Notification of Electors

4. (1) The Returning Officer shall cause notice of alternative polling days to be published in a newspaper circulating in the municipality.
- (2) The notice of alternative polling days shall:
 - (a) identify the alternative polling days for alternative voting; and
 - (b) inform the elector that telephone voting and internet voting is permitted during alternative polling days.
- (3) The notice may include any other information the Returning Officer deems necessary.

Form of Telephone and Internet Ballots

5. (1) A telephone ballot and internet ballot shall:

- (a) identify the title "Election for Mayor" or "Election for Councillor" or "Election for School Board Member", as the case may be;
 - (b) identify the names or names by which they are commonly known of the candidates with given names followed by surnames, arranged alphabetically in order of their surnames and, where necessary, their given names, and
 - (c) warn the elector to "vote for one candidate only" or "vote for not more than (the number of candidates to be elected) candidates" as the case may be.
- (2) No title, honour, decoration or degree shall be included with a candidate's name on an internet ballot or telephone ballot.

Oath

6. Any oath that is authorized or required shall be made in the form specified by the Act.

Electors

7. No person shall vote by alternative voting unless:
- (a) the person's name appears on the final list of electors on the date chosen by Council for the final list of electors to be completed pursuant to section 40 of the Act; or
 - (b) the person's name does not appear on the final list of electors and:
 - (i) the person appears before the Returning Officer or the Deputy Returning Officer during normal business hours during alternative polling days; and
 - (ii) the person swears an oath in the prescribed by the Act.

Proxy Voting

8. A proxy voter shall not vote for an elector by alternative voting.

Friend Voting

9. (1) A friend voter shall only vote for an elector by alternative voting if:
- (a) an elector is unable to vote because :
 - (i) the elector is blind;
 - (ii) the elector cannot read; or

- (iii) the elector has a physical disability that prevents him or her from voting by alternative voting.
- (b) the elector and the friend appear, in person, before the Returning Officer or the Deputy Returning Officer and take the prescribed oaths.
- (2) A candidate shall not act as a friend voter unless the elector is a child, grandchild, brother, sister, parent, grandparent, or spouse of the candidate.
- (3) The elector shall take an oath in the form prescribed by the Act providing that he or she is incapable of voting without assistance.
- (4) The friend of the elector shall take an oath in the prescribed form to this by-law that:
 - (a) the friend has not previously acted as a friend for any other elector in the election other than an elector who is a child, grandchild, brother, sister, parent, grandparent, or spouse of the friend of the elector;
 - (b) the friend will mark the ballot as requested by the elector; and
 - (c) the friend will keep secret the choice of the elector.
- (5) The Returning Officer shall enter in the poll book:
 - (a) the reason why the elector is unable to vote;
 - (b) the name of the friend; and
 - (c) the fact that the oaths were taken.

Voting

- 10 (1) The system shall put internet ballots and telephone ballots cast by an elector in the ballot box.
- (2) The system shall put spoiled ballots in the ballot box.

Seal

- 11. (1) Where alternative voting closes before the close of the polls on ordinary polling day, the system shall seal the ballot box until after the close of the poll on ordinary polling day.
- (2) The system shall seal the ballot box even where fewer than ten persons from any polling district voted for a candidate during alternative polling days.

List of persons who voted

- 12. Where alternative voting closes before the close of the polls on ordinary polling day, the system shall:
 - (a) generate a list of all electors who voted by alternative voting; and

- (b) on the Final List of Electors cause a line to be drawn through the name of all the electors who voted during alternative polling days.
- 13. (a) A printed and electronic copy of the lists under section 12 shall be delivered to the Returning Officer within 24 hours of the close of alternative voting.
 - (b) Where alternative voting closes at the close of the polls on ordinary polling day, the system shall generate a list of all electors who voted by alternative voting.

Counting

- 14. (1) At the close of ordinary polling day, the system shall generate a count of the telephone ballots and internet ballots in the ballot box that were cast for each candidate during alternative polling days.
 - (2) In counting the votes that were cast for each candidate during alternative polling days, the system shall count spoiled ballots and shall not count rejected ballots.

Tallying of Spoiled Ballots

- 15. At the close of ordinary polling day, the system shall tally the number of spoiled ballots that were cast during alternative polling days and the tally shall be delivered to the Returning Officer.

Recount by System

- 16. In the event of a recount, the system shall regenerate the election count and a printed copy of the regenerated count shall be given to the Returning Officer.
- 17. If the initial count and the regenerated count match, the regenerated count shall be the final count of the votes cast by alternative voting.
- 18. (1) If the regenerated count and the initial count do not match, the Returning Officer shall:
 - a) direct one final count be regenerated by the system of the votes cast by alternative voting, and
 - b) attend while the final count is being regenerated.(2) The regenerated final count pursuant to subsection (1) shall be the final count of the votes cast by alternative voting.

Recount by Court

- 19. (1) For a recount, the judge shall only consider the final count by the system, as determined by section 17 or 18, of the total number of votes that were cast by alternative voting for each candidate.

(2) The final count by the system, as determined by section 17 or 18, of the total number of votes that were cast by alternative voting for each candidate shall be added to the judge's count of the number of votes for each candidate cast by non alternative voting.

Secrecy

20. An election officer and system election officer shall maintain and aid in maintaining the secrecy of the voting.
21. Every person in attendance at a polling station, or at the counting of the votes, shall maintain and aid in maintaining the secrecy of the voting.

Other Methods of Voting

22. If voting via the Internet through the unsupervised use of a personal computing device is permitted during an election, voting shall be permitted by some other means on each advance polling day and on ordinary polling day.

Severability

23. If a court of competent jurisdiction should declare any section or part of a section of this by-law to be invalid, such section or part of a section shall not be construed as having persuaded or influenced Council to pass the remainder of the by-law and it is hereby declared that the remainder of the by-law shall be valid and shall remain in force.

Prohibitions

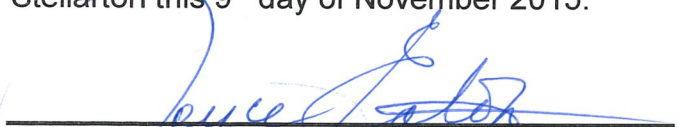
24. No person shall:
 - (a) use another person's PIN to vote or access the system unless the person is a friend voter;
 - (b) take, seize, or deprive an elector of his or her PIN; or
 - (c) sell, gift, transfer, assign or purchase a PIN.
25. No person shall:
 - (a) interfere or attempt to interfere with an elector who is casting an internet ballot or telephone ballot;
 - (b) interfere or attempt to interfere with alternative voting; or
 - (c) attempt to ascertain the name of the candidate for whom an elector is about to vote or has voted.
26. No person shall, at any time, communicate or attempt to communicate any information relating to the candidate for whom an elector has voted.

Offences and Penalty

27. (1) A person who:
- (a) violates any provision of this by-law; or
 - (b) permits anything to be done in violation of any provision of this by-law; is guilty of an offence.
- (2) A person who contravenes subsection (1) of this section is guilty of an offence and is liable, on summary conviction, to a penalty of not less than five thousand dollars and not more than ten thousand dollars and in default of payment, to imprisonment for a term of two years less a day, or both.
- (3) In determining a penalty under subsection (2), a judge shall take into account:
- (a) the number of votes attempted to be interfered with;
 - (b) the number of votes interfered with; and
 - (c) any potential interference with the outcome of an election.
- (4) Pursuant to section 146A of the Act:
- (a) the limitation period for the prosecution of an offence under this by-law is two years from the later of the date of the commission of the offence and the date on which it was discovered that an offence had been committed; and
 - (b) *The Remission of Penalties Act*, 1989 SNS c. 397, as amended, does not apply to a pecuniary penalty imposed by this by-law.

THIS IS TO CERTIFY that the foregoing is a true copy of a by-law duly adopted by the Town Council for the Town of Stellarton at a duly called meeting of the Council held on the 9th day of November 2015.

GIVEN under the hands of the Town Clerk and under the corporate seal of the Town of Stellarton this 9th day of November 2015.



Joyce Eaton
Town Clerk Treasurer
Town of Stellarton

<u>Advertising:</u>	<u>1st Reading</u>	<u>2nd Reading</u>
The NG News	27-10-15	03-11-15

TOWN OF STELLARTON

PUBLIC NOTICE: PROPOSAL TO ADOPT AN ALTERNATIVE VOTING BY-LAW

Public Notice is hereby given that the Stellarton Town Council 11 provided first reading to its proposed **Alternative Voting By-Law**, on October 19, 2015 and will consider the proposed By-Law during its regularly schedule public meeting on Monday, November 9, 2015 at 5:00 p.m.

Specifically the **Alternative Voting By-Law** proposes to include voting by telephone or via the internet and includes a combination of telephone and internet voting.

The proposed **Alternative Voting By-Law** falls under the authority of Section 146A of the Municipal Elections Act and will cover plebiscites, special elections and regular elections (status quo or new Municipal Unit).

Details regarding the proposed **Alternative Voting By-Law** may be examined at the Stellarton Administrative Office – Monday through Friday – between the hours of 8:30 a.m. and 4:30 p.m. – 250 Foord Street, Stellarton, Nova Scotia.

Public Meeting/Hearing will be held on **Monday, November 9, 2015 at 5:00 p.m.** in the Town Council Chambers, 250 Foord Street, Stellarton, Nova Scotia.

Second Reading will be on the Stellarton Council 11 agenda – meeting scheduled for Monday November 9, 2015 following the Public Meeting/Hearing.

Further Information may be obtained from the undersigned at 902-752-2114.

Joyce Eaton
Town Clerk Treasurer



NOVA SCOTIA
TOWN OF STELLARTON
ADOPTING RESOLUTION

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BE IT RESOLVED by the Town of Stellarton Town Council that it is adopting the Town of Stellarton Alternative Voting By-Law.

This By-Law being the same as before the Stellarton Town Council at the Second Reading held on November 9, 2015.

This is to certify that the Resolution of which the foregoing is a true copy was duly passed at a duly called meeting of the Stellarton Town Council held on the 9th day of November, A.D., 2015.

Given under the hand of the Town Clerk and under the seal of the Town of Stellarton this 9th day of November 2015.


Joyce Eaton, Town Clerk Treasurer
Town of Stellarton